Rubber Compounding Asia Bangkok, March 2012 Organized by TechnoBiz Communications Co, Ltd.



#### **Compound Development**

#### Advantage of Compound Development with the PC-Program "GrafCompounder"

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#### **Compound Development**

#### Advantage of a PC-Program

- Motivation for Program Development
- Description of the GrafCompounder?
- Comparison with Statistic Experimental Design (DoE)
- Combination of Grafcompounder with DoE
- Advantages / Summary





\*) personal Estimation

Mid size - / Large company: Recipes in use ~ 500 – 2000 Laboratory recipes ~ 1000/year

Cost of Recipe Development in a Laboratory ~ 500 US\$/Recipe = Invest of 500.000 US\$/year



#### Question:

- Why we can hardly take Compound Databases as working capital, Saving time and effort in our daily work?
  - Avoiding reinvention
  - Increase our compounding knowledge.
  - Gaining room for really new ideas in compound development



- Compound database is a kind of happen stance data
- Program developments and patents were dealing with "Neuronal Network Algorithmen" to create recipes from compound databases.





- Patent EP 0865 890 A1 (Bridgestone) is dealing with compounds used in tire manufacturing
  - Dependency of factor response relationship with none linear regression equation.
  - Usage of a function to determine boundary conditions.
  - Identification of a compound with targeted properties.

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(21) Application number, 97934747.3 (22) Date of filing: 08.08.1997					(86) Inte PC	rnational ap T/JP97/0278	plication 14	n, mber:	
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- The patent US 7541122B2 (Fa. Honeywell) deal with "empirical" DoE with the help of neuronal network algorithm
  - Datenbase from historical compound data
  - Elimination of foulty data sets out of the data base
  - Calculation of a compound with the help of none linear neuronal network algorithm
  - Building of a equation for the simulation of the correlation between factors (compound ingredients) and responses (properties).

#### (12) United States Patent Dietrich et al. (54) EMPIRICAL DESIGN OF EXPE USING NEURAL NETWORK M (25) Investors: Paul F. Dietrich, Brook (18); Sunil K. Menon MN (US); Dinkar Myla Fridley, MN (US); Lend Apple Valley, MN (US (73) Assigned: Honeywell Internation Monistown, NJ (US) (\*) Notice: Subject to any Lischam potent is extended or a U.S.C. 154(b) by 280 ds (21) Appl. No. 11/394,317 (22) Filed: Mar: 29, 2006 Prior Publication D ((5) US 2007/0239633 A1 Oct. 11. (51) Int. Cl. (166E: 1/00 (2006.01) G96E 3/99 G96F 15/18 G96G 7/99 G96N 3/92 (2006.01) (2006.01) (2006.01) (2006.01) (52) U.S. CL ..... (38) Field of Classification Search See application file for complete at (56) References Cited U.S. PATENT DOCUMEN 5.001.843 A 2/1992 Perzkiniak 5.461.009 A = 10/1995 Artabiletal 5.633,500 A 5/1997 Bankast et al. 5.684,346 A 11/1997 Efficient al. 5.781,450 A 7/1998 Taal rang a relation ship between the input wirink is and the output versables.



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24 Claims, 7 Drawing Sheets











## Statistic Experimental Design (DoE) allows a factor – response calculation with regression equations



Objective of the Experiment should be the indentification of the most important factors (F<sub>1,</sub>..F<sub>n</sub>), to be able to measure Effects (Responses R<sub>1,</sub>...R<sub>n</sub>) and to describe there dependency in a mathematical equation:

$$\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{i}(1,..,n)} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{A}_{0} + \mathbf{A}_{1} + \mathbf{A}_{1} + \dots + \mathbf{A}_{n} + \dots))$$

#### Design Guide for GrafCompounder







#### GrafCompounder

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#### Analysis of a recipe database with <u>Multiple</u> <u>Linear Iteration (MLI)</u>

- Search criteria manageable with different weights!
- Recipe Selection (Exclusion of unwanted recipes during analysis)
  - Avoid Analysis of none compatible Polymers
- Automatic an Manual Mode
  - Simulation of Blends of Compounds
- Property Data should be from a trustworthy source, if not your own

## HJG

#### Analysis based on

- Measurables
- Targets
- Weights
- Rating functions shows the distance between values and target
- Iteration in small steps from different starting points
- Check of maximum agreement with the target
- Report of Results
  - Recipe
  - All calculable physical properties
    - Missing data left out
  - Show all Recipes with their percentage used in an analysis





#### Working with the GrafCompounder

- Create a table via Export from Desing Expert®
- Assign the rows and colums
  - Recipes:
  - Ingredients:
  - Properties:

	Recipes:		
Ingredients:	CMPD1	CMPD2	CMPD3
ХХХ	XXX	XXX	XXX
Properties:			
XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX





Testing the MLI-method a database is needed, which can be analyzed in different ways.

- 1. Example
  - Oil / Filler DoE (with own Experiments)
  - Factors: Filler 1, Filler 2, Filler3 and Oil
- 2. Example
  - **DoE published by DuPont Dow in 1998** 
    - Factors: ENB, DTDC, S, MBT, TiTBD, ZdiBC, DTP

Same Optimization criteria will be used in DoE Software (Design Expert®) and in GrafCompounder.



#### 1. Example

- Oil / Filler DoE (based on own Experiments)
- Factors: Filler 1, Filler 2, Oil



#### DoE with 4 Factors Polymer used was Vistalon 8600

Factor	Name	Units M	inimum	Maximum
• A	C6630	phr	60.00	95.00
В	CaCO3	phr	10.00	70.00
С	Clay	phr	10.00	50.00
D	Oil	phr	70.00	95.00

A fractional factorial DoE with 11 compounds only!



- Rheological Data are examined
  - MV and T5 can be measured quite accurate.
    - Both are significant with a linear model equation





Ingredients	Unit	DoE Optimization	GrafComp ounder
CB 6630	phr	73	79
CaCO3	phr	68	55
Clay	phr	39	39.5
Paraffinic Oil	phr	72	73
MV 120	MU	34	34.9
T5 (120°C)	min	4.04	4.2
t10 (170°C)	min	0.45	0.44

Dr. Hans-Joachim Graf







Ingredients	Unit	DoE Optimization	GrafComp ounder	CI 95% Low - High	CI 95% Low- High
				DOE Prediction	Graf Compounder
CB 6630	phr	73	79		
CaCO3	phr	68	55		
Clay	phr	39	39.5		
Paraffinic Oil	phr	72	73		
MV 120	MU	34	34.9	30-36	31-35
T5 (120°C)	min	4.04	4.2	3.8-4.3	3.9-4.4
t10 (170°C)	min	0.45	0.44	0.42-0.48	0.41-0.47

Dr. Hans-Joachim Graf



Ingredients	Unit	DoE Optimization	GrafComp ounder
CB 6630	phr	73	73
CaCO3	phr	68	61
Clay	phr	39	32
Paraffinic Oil	phr	72	70
MV 120	MU	34	34.1
T5 (120°C)	min	4.04	4.1
t10 (170°C)	min	0.45	0.45



A: C6630





What we have learned

- Calculation with GrafCompounder and optimization result with Design Expert has some characteristic differences
  - GrafCompounder give one solution always
  - Design Expert provides an area, where you can identify a solution
  - With an additional boundary condition both solutions can be narrowed, that they fit into measurement error.



#### 2. Example

#### DoE published by DuPont Dow in 1998

- Factors: ENB, DTDC, S, MBT, TiTBD, ZdiBC, DTP
- DoE with 41 Experiments



Tensile at break is significant with linear model

- Sulfur has larger influence followed by DTDC and TiBTD, but negative
- Elongation is significant with quadratic model, but linear model is a sufficient fit
  - Sulfur has the largest influence followed by DTDC
- Hardness is sufficient significant with linear model as well
  - Main influence Sulfur, DTDC







- Selection of responses for the test with graphical optimization:
  - Hardness 65°ShA - 70°ShA
  - Tensile at break 11MPa – 12 MPa
  - Elongation of Break 350 % - 400 %
- Flag points to one solution



A: A:ENB





- ENB: 5,58%
- Sulfur 0.44 phr
- DTDC 2.11 phr
- MBT 1.00 phr
- TiBTD 1.50 phr
- ZdiBC 1.50 phr
- DTP 1.50 phr



A: A:ENB



## Analysis with point prediction results:

●ZF	11.2 MPa
●ZD	334 %
Hardness	66.5°ShA

Factor	Name	Level
Α	ENB	5.58
В	DTDC	2.11
С	Sulfur	0.44
D	MBT	1.00
E	TiBTD	1.50
F	ZDiBC	1.50
G	DTP	1.50



#### **Analysis with GrafCompounder**

#### Paste table into Graf Compounder

#### Select boundaries

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## Analysis with GrafCompounder



Paste table i	nto
GrafCompou	nder
Select bo	undaries
ZF-MPa	: 11.5-12.0
<b>ZD-%</b>	: 325-335
● H-°ShA	: 65-67

Ingredients	Result
B:DTDC	0.98
C:Sulfur	0.93
D:MBT	1
E:TiBTD	1.51
F:ZDiBC	1.33
G:DTP	1.45
ZF	11.5
ZD	325
Hardness	67

## Analysis with Design Expert®

Run Optimization

- Graphical

  Select same boundaries
  - **ZF-MPa** : 11.5-12.0
  - **ZD-%** : 325-335
  - H-°ShA : 65-67

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 ZD: 325.062

 ZD: 335.107

 Harchess: 66.013

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**Overlay Plot** 

A: A:ENB



1.50

1.20 -

0.90 -

0.30

5.00

C: C:Sulfur



## Analysis with GrafCompounder



#### Boundary Conditions

- Select boundaries
- **ZF-MPa** : 11.5-12.0
- **ZD-%** : 325-335
- H-°ShA : 65-67

Ingredients	Result GrafCompounder	Result Design Expert®
ENB	6.5	5.45
C:Sulfur	0.93	0.88
B:DTDC	0.98	0.98
D:MBT	1	1
E:TiBTD	1.51	1.51
F:ZDiBC	1.33	1.33
G:DTP	1.45	1.44
ZF	11.5	11.5
ZD	325	330
Hardness	67	67.5

+) Note: Accelerators are preset!

#### Compare Result Design Expert® vs GrafCompounder





A: A:ENB



#### Conclusion

Compounds in databases are type of happen stance data

- Which can not analyzed with a systematic approach today
- DoE in each case needs data based on a planned experiment.
- GrafCompounder allows to search a database for a possible solution using targets
  - At minimum you get an very good idea about the center point in a DoE